

Spirodela polyrhiza (L.) Schleid Simplified standard protocol: NP/SPI/2

Examination office	Naktuinbouw	
Reference of the protocol	NP/SPI/2	
Date of preparation of the protocol	01/12/2021	
Date of entry into force of the protocol	01/12/2010	
Botanical taxon:	Spirodela polyrhiza (L.) Schleid	
Common Name (when known):	veelwortelig kroos (NL); greater duckweed (EN); Teichlinse (D)	
Way of propagation of the plants to be examined	Self or cross pollinated seed propagated □ Vegetatively propagated ⊠	
Number of growing cycles:	 1 ⊠ 2 □ Other □ specify Click or tap here to enter text. 	
List of grouping characteristics	Yes \Box if yes put as annex No \boxtimes	
Minimum number of plants in trial	Vegetative:500	Seed: Click or tap here to enter text.
Minimum number of plants observed by measuring or counting:	Vegetative:10	Seed: Click or tap here to enter text.
Give description of when observations should take place	Observations on the leaves should be made at fully developed, vital plants. Other observations should be made at fully developed, vital plants. Observation period: from July 1 to at least September 30.	

Uniformity: - For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagate with an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be a	
Table of characteristics	Present \boxtimes Not available \square
Literature (when present, please annex to this document)	Present ⊠ Absent □

	Characteristic	Expression	Note
1	Roots: number	very few	1
		few	3
		medium	5
		many	7
		very many	9
2	Root: length	very short	1
2			
		short	3
		medium	5
		long	7
		very long	9
3	Root: color (in full grown stage)	green	1
		transparent	2
4	Leaf: length	very short	1
		short	3
		medium	5
		long	7
		very long	9
5	Leaf: width	very narrow	1
		narrow	3
		medium	5
			7
		broad	
		very broad	9
6	Leaf: shape	circular	1
		broad elliptic	2
		ovate	3
		obovate	4
7	Leaf: intensity of green color of upper side	very light	1
		light	3
		medium	5
		dark	7
		very dark	9
8	Leaf: color of lower side	green	1
		red	2
q	Leaf: color of margin	transparent	1
		green	2
		red	3
10	Leef change of anov		
10	Leaf: shape of apex	slightly pointed	1
		rounded	2
		flattened	3
11	Leaf: shape of base	pointed	1
		rounded	2
12	Leaf: intensity of anthocyanin coloration of	absent or very weak	1
	upper side	weak	3
		medium	5
		strong	7
		very strong	9
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Table of characteristics Spirodela polyrhiza (L.) Schleid (NP/SPI/2)

13	Leaf: intensity of anthocyanin coloration of	absent or very weak	1
	lower side	weak	3
		medium	5
		strong	7
		very strong	9
14	Leaf: thickness	thin	1
		medium	2
		thick	3
15	Leaf: profile in longitudinal section	concave	1
		plane	2
		convex	3
16	Leaf: conspiciousness of veins	weak	1
		medium	2
		strong	3
17	Speed of multiplication	very slow	1
		slow	3
		medium	5
		fast	7
		very fast	9

Literature:

Chittenden, F.J., 1951: Dictionary of Gardening. The Royal Horticultural Society. Oxford at the Clarendon Press, GB.

Cross, J.W., 1994: Duckweed as a Primary Feedstock for Aquaculture. A Summary of its Potential Advantages. Missouri Botanical Garden.

Graf, A.B., 1992: Hortica: A Color Cyclopedia of Garden Flora: In All Climates and Indoor Plants. Roehrs Co.

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Vasseur, L., Aarssen, L.W. & Lefebvre, D.D., 1991: Allozymic and morphometric variation in Lemna minor (Lemnaceae). Plant Systematics and Evolution 177, pp. 139 to 148.