

# Athyrium Simplified standard protocol: SSP/ATT/1

Examination office	Naktuinbouw			
Reference of the protocol	SSP/ATT/1			
Date of preparation of the protocol	27/11/2023			
Date of entry into force of the protocol	01/03/2022			
Botanical taxon:	Athyrium niponicum (Mett.) Hance			
Common Name (when known):	Japanese painted fern			
Way of propagation of the plants to be examined	Self or cross pollinated seed propagated □  Vegetatively propagated ⊠			
Number of growing cycles:	1 ⊠ 2 □ Other □ specify			
List of grouping characteristics	Yes $\square$ if yes put as annex No $\boxtimes$			
Minimum number of plants in trial	Vegetative:20	Seed: -		
Minimum number of plants observed by measuring or counting:	Vegetative:1	Seed: -		
Give description of when observations should take place see: EXPLANATIONS ON THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS				
<ul> <li>Uniformity: <ul> <li>For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated, self-pollinated seed propagated varieties or F1-hybrids, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 24 plants, 1 off-types are allowed.</li> <li>For the assessment of uniformity for cross-pollinated varieties, the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General introduction of UPOV should be applied. The variability within the variety should not exceed the variability of comparable varieties already known.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
Table of characteristics	Present ⊠  Not available □			



Literature	Present ⊠
(when present, please annex to this document)	Absent □



### **TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS**

N°	Stage	Characteristics
1.	(a)	Plant: growth habit
2.	(a)	Plant: height
3.	(a)	Plant: width
4.	(a)	Leaf: type
5.	(b)	Young leaf blade: main color of upper side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
6.	(b)	Young leaf blade: secondary color of upper side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
7.	(b)	Young leaf blade: distribution of secondary color of upper side
8.	(b)	Young leaf blade: tertiary color of upper side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
9.	(b)	Young leaf blade: distribution of tertiary color of upper side
10.	(b)	Young leaf blade: main color of lower side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
11.	(b)	Young leaf blade: secondary color of lower side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
12.	(b)	Young leaf blade: distribution of secondary color of lower side
13.	(b)	Young leaf blade: tertiary color of lower side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
14.	(b)	Young leaf blade: distribution of tertiary color of lower side
15.	(a)	Petiole: length
16.	(a)	Rachis: diameter
17.	(a)	Rachis: color of upper side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
18.	(a)	Rachis: pubescence of upper side
19.	(a)	Leaf blade: length
20.	(a)	Leaf blade: width
21.	(a)	Leaf blade: main color of upper side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)



N°	Stage	Characteristics
22.	(a)	Leaf blade: secondary color of upper side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
23.	(a)	Leaf blade: distribution of secondary color of upper side
24.	(a)	Leaf blade: main color of lower side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
25.	(a)	Leaf blade: secondary color of lower side
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
26.	(a)	Leaf blade: distribution of secondary color of lower side
27.	(a)	Leaf blade: density of pinna arrangement
28.	(a)	Leaf blade: length of pinna
29.	(a)	Leaf blade: width of pinna
30.	(a)	Leaf blade: shape of pinna
31.	(a)	Leaf blade: shape of apex of pinna
32.	(a)	Leaf blade: color of sorus
		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
33.	(a)	Leaf blade: shape of pinnula



### **EXPLANATIONS ON THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS**

## **Explanations covering several characteristics**

- (a) Observations on the plant, leaf blade, petiole, rachis should be made on full grown plants
- (b) Observations on the young leaf blade should be made in spring on newly formed leaves.



#### **LITERATURE**

The Cambridge Illustrated Glossary of Botanical Terms: by Michael Hickey and Clive King

Name that flower: by Ian Clarke and Heleen Lee

Botanisch woordenboek: by Henk Eggelte